

Illinois

pages 29-35

Name Key***A New Population**

1. By 1880, how much of Illinois's population was born outside of the US?

Half of the population (p.29-1)2. For immigrants in Illinois, workdays were long and the workplaces were dangerous. (p.29-2)

2pts.

3. Workers formed labor unions to try to get better working conditions, including 8 hour workdays. (p.29-3)

4. Did strikes ever become violent?

Yes (p.30)

5. In 1888, an Illinois strike took place against...

Railroad companies (p.31-2)6. Jane Addams and Ellen Gates Starr established Hull House in 1889. (p.31-3)

2pts.

7. Three new things that the 1893 Columbian Exposition in Chicago introduced were... new inventions (p.32-2)modern scientific advancesinformation about world cultures

3pts.

8. Politicians helped Chicago get its nickname, which is...

the "windy city"
(p.33-2)

***Twentieth Century Illinois**

9. After the Civil War, what laws kept African-Americans apart from Caucasians?

Jim Crow laws
(p. 33-1)

10. During the "great migration" African-Americans moved from southern farms to

northern cities to try to get better opportunities for themselves and their children.

(p. 33-2)

11. The Springfield Massacre helped to create which organization?

NAACP (National Assoc. for the Advancement of Colored People)

(p. 34-4)

12. In 1913, who were allowed to vote in Illinois?

Women
(p. 35-1)

Illinois

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Name

Key

**The World at War*

1. World War I lasted from 1914 to 1918 (years)

2. During the Great Depression business shut down, factories and banks closed, and people lost their jobs.

3. During this hard time, people could not afford...

(3pts) food, clothing, or housing

4. Which president did many people blame for these difficult times?

Herbert Hoover

5. What brought the US out of the Great Depression?

WWII

6. When and where did Enrico Fermi create the first nuclear (atomic) chain reaction?

(2pts) 1942 U of Chicago

7. How did World War II finally come to an end?

the US dropped 2 atomic bombs on Japan.

**After the War*

8. Which Chicago poet became the first African-American to win a Pulitzer Prize?

Gwendolyn Brooks

9. Ray Kroc opened the first McDonald's in Des Plaines

in the year 1955.

10. In 1957 the first US nuclear power plant for

making electricity opened in DuPage County.

11. In July 1966, race riots broke out in the African-American section of...

Chicago

12. Chicago's first woman mayor was Jane Byrne.

13. Chicago's first African-American mayor was Harold Washington.

14. The first African-American woman to be elected to the US Senate was

Carol Moseley-Braun.

15. Where is the museum that holds the world's largest collection of Abraham Lincoln items?

Springfield

16. O'Hare in Chicago, is one of the world's busiest airports.